Chapters 32 & 33 Hophal

- Meaning of the Hophal
- Spelling the Hophal
- Hophal קשת Parsing Practice

Hophal Often Describes Being Caused to Do Something

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Active</th>
<th>Passive</th>
<th>Reflexive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Simple</td>
<td>Qal</td>
<td>Niphal</td>
<td>Niphal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“He heard”</td>
<td>“He was heard”</td>
<td>“He heard himself”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cause a state</td>
<td>Piel</td>
<td>Pual</td>
<td>Hithpael</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“He caused him to be angry”</td>
<td>“He was caused to be angry”</td>
<td>“He made himself angry”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cause an action</td>
<td>Hiphil</td>
<td>Hophal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“He caused to hear”</td>
<td>“It was caused to be heard”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hophal is Rare, Especially Imperative & Infinitive

- Imperfect 162
- Perfect 109
- Participle 106
- Infinitive construct 8
- Infinitive absolute 6
- Imperative 2

Hophal is Usually the Passive of the Hiphil

- יצא
  - Qal ‘he went out’
  - Hiphil ‘he brought out’
  - Hophal ‘he was brought out’

- גלה
  - Qal ‘to go into exile’
  - Hiphil ‘to cause to go into exile’ = ‘to deport’
  - Hophal ‘to be caused to go into exile’
    = ‘to be deported’
### Hophal is Sometimes the Passive of the Qal

- נָתַן - Qal ‘to give’
- הָנָתַן - Hophal ‘to be given’

- שִׁיר - Qal ‘to sing’
- הָשִׁיר - Hophal ‘to be sung’

- אָרָר - Qal ‘to curse’
- הָאָרָר - Hophal ‘to be cursed’

### Chapters 32 & 33 Hophal

#### Meaning of the Hophal

#### Spelling the Hophal

#### Hophal Parsing Practice

### Hophal Parsing code Hp because H Passive

- Hophal verbs have preformative ה, like the Hiphil
  - הָקְטַל or הֻקְטַל - Hophal P3ms
  - יָקְטַל or יֻקְטַל - Hophal I3ms
  - הָשַּׁמָּה or הוּסַד - Hophal ∞
  - מָקְטָל or מֻקְטָל - Hophal PtMS
- Imperfects & Participles have the usual preformatives
  - יָקְטַל or יֻקְטַל - Hophal I3ms
  - הָקְטַל or הֻקְטַל - Hophal (3f/2m)s
  - אָקְטַל or אֻקְטַל - Hophal cs
  - נָקְטַל or נֻקְטַל - Hophal cp
  - מָקְטָל or מֻקְטָל - Hophal PtMS

### Hophal Stem Vowel is A, Like the Pual

- Stem vowel is A in the P, I, M, ∞
  - הָקְטַל or הֻקְטַל - Hophal P3ms
  - יָקְטַל or יֻקְטַל - Hophal I3ms
- Participle Stem vowel is lengthened P3ms as expected
  - Hophal P3ms uses Ā (♀), so Hophal Pt uses Ā (♀)
  - הָחֳרֵב - Hophal A
- Infinitive absolute stem vowel is Ė = ♂ as expected
  - (Only 6 Hophal A in the Bible)
**V_p = O, U, or Û, so Memorize houûphal**

- **O** is Qamets Hatuf
  - V_p  is followed by  or  is Qamets Hatuf
  -  2x  Geminate
  -  1-Guttural
  - Anything else is Qamets
- **U** is Qibbuts ( ’
- **Û** is Shureq
  - 1-Yod
  - Biconsonantal
  - Geminate

**Hophal 1-Nun Assimilates as Expected**

- Hophal begins  or , etc.
  - V_1 is silent shewa
  - Expect 1-Nun to assimilate like in QI and NP
- **Examples**
  - HpP
  - HpI
  - HpPt

**What to Memorize for the Hophal**

- Parsing code Hp
- **houûphal**
  - Hophal if V_p = Qamets Hatuf (O), (U) or (Û)
  -  or  or  or
  - Beware V_p = Qamets is bicons/geminate Q or H
    - Those V_p never followed by  or
  - V_p =  or  is Hiphil or Niphal 1-Yod
  - V_p =  is Hophal (1-Yod/Bicons/Gem), or QI of
### Chapters 32 & 33 Hophal

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### Hophal Parsing Practice

1. הֻקְטַל [HpP3ms or HpM2ms or \(\infty\)]
2. הָקְטַל [HpP3ms or HpM2ms or \(\infty\)]
3. הָקְטַלְתֶּ [Hp2mp]
4. הָקְטַלְתֶּ [Hp1cs]
5. הָקְטַל [Hp3ms]
6. הָקְטַל [Hp3ms]
7. הָקְטַל [Hp1cp]
8. הָקְטַל [Hp1cp]
9. הָקְטַל [HpPtMS]
10. הָקְטַל [HpPtFP]

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For mixed parsing practice there is a separate video of parsing from chapters 32-3