**Study Parsing for the Final Exam**

- Practice writing paradigms and diagnostics:
  - Strong Verb Diagnostics Sheet
  - Perfect and Imperfect Strong and III-š Drill Sheets
  - Verb Summary Sheet

- Practice with the “Final Parsing Exercise – Derived Stems”
  - Pages 105-110 of the workbook answer key
  - Print it out.
  - Cover up the answers with a sheet of paper, try to parse them in your head, and move the sheet of paper down, checking yourself as you go along.
  - You don’t know how to parse some of them yet, but the rest will be covered soon.

**How to Keep and Develop Your Hebrew**

- Take Intermediate Hebrew eventually.
  - You will learn the kinds of things that BibleWorks can’t tell you.

- Take a Hebrew-based class this fall
  - Either intermediate Hebrew or an OT exegesis class.
  - Intro to OT and Theology of the Pentateuch don’t use Hebrew.
  - If you wait until Spring semester, you will lose your Hebrew!

- Don’t lose your Hebrew!
  - Most pastors lose their Hebrew after seminary.
  - If you do, then this summer was a waste of time.
  - Whenever you aren’t taking a Hebrew class, re-read in Hebrew one verse from your daily Bible reading, using BibleWorks or Accordance to check your work. If you missed a parsing, remind yourself of the appropriate diagnostic.

**Pual**

- Parsing code for the Pual: Pu
  - Q Qal
  - N Niphal
  - P Piel
  - Pu Pual

- Pual is the passive of the Piel.

- Pual same diagnostics as the Piel, except:
  - Initial vowel
  - Compensatory lengthening with 2-gut →
  - Perfect stem vowel even in 3MS.

**Parsing – Ex28, p227 (slide 1 of 2)**

1. תְּבַקְּשִׁי בָּקַשׁתְּבַקְּשִׁי PI2FS
2. תְּבֻקְּשִׁי בָּקַשׁתְּבֻקְּשִׁי PuI2FS
3. מְדֻבָּר דָּבַרמְדֻבָּר PuPMS
4. מְדַבֵּר דָּבַרמְדַּבֵּר PPMS
5. יְסֻפַּר סָפַריְסֻפַּר PuI3MS
6. יְסַפֵּר סָפַריְסַפֵּר PI3MS
7. סִפֵּר סָפַרסִפֵּר PP3MS
8. יְגֻדְּלוּ סָפַרסֻפַּר PuP3MS
9. יְגַדְּלוּ סָפַרסַפֵּר PP3MS
10. גָּדַליְגְּלוּ בָּקַשׁתְּבַקְּשִׁי Pi3MP
11. גָּדַליְגַדְּלוּ פֻלַּיְגַדְּלוּ Pi3MP
Parsing – Ex28, p227-228 (slide 2 of 2)

11. גָּדַלגֻּדְּלוּ גֻּדְּלוּ PuP3CP
12. גָּדַלגֻּדְּלוּ גֻּדְּלוּ PP3CP
13. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ מֻלֵּ PuPFS
14. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ מֻלֵּ PuP3FS
15. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ PuI3FP/2FP

Parsing – Ex29a, p231-232 (slide 1 of 2)

1. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ PuP1CS
2. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ PuP2MP
3. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ PuP1CS
4. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ PuP2MP
5. מָלֵאמֻלֵּ PuI1CS
6. PuP2MP
7. PP3CP
8. PPMP
9. PI2MP
10. PuI2MP

Bible Translation – Gen 37:6

ери המקור את זה השם וראה מהלך זה איש עמל

He said to them, “Listen to this dream that I dreamed!”

- Demonstrative adjective 'this dream' because follows noun and has the article (after a definite noun).
- נָא is often tacked on to the end of imperative, cohortative, and jussive verbs. It can be translated 'please' or left untranslated.

J Beckman 4 August 2007 Copy Freely HebrewSyntax.org
Behold, we were binding sheaves in the midst of the field, and behold my sheaf rose and also stood. And behold, your sheaves were surrounding and they bowed down to my sheaf.

His brothers said to him, “Will you really reign over us? Or will you really rule among us?” And they hated him still more because of his dreams and because of his words.

Again he dreamed another dream. He reported it to his brothers and said, “Behold, I dreamed a dream again. And behold, the sun and the moon and eleven stars were bowing down to me.”

He reported [it] to his father and to his brothers. And his father rebuked him and said to him, “What [is] this dream which you dreamed? Will I and your mother and your brothers really come to bow down to the ground to you?”
He reported the dream to his father and to his mother.

- הַחֲלוֹם = DDO marker + ה + הַלָּהּ ‘the’ + הָלָה ‘dream’
- סִפֵּר = PP3MS “he reported” (Diagnostic י+ר+
  - The subject is omitted.
- אָבִיו = אָב ‘father’ + 3MS type 1 pronominal suffix ‘his’
  - The suffix ¥י is type 1 because it begins with hireq-yod (¥)
  - Type 2 suffixes all begin with a vowel+yod, but never hireq-yod.
- אִמּוֹ = אֵם ‘mother’ + 3MS type 1 pronominal suffix ‘his’

The dream was reported to his father and to his mother.

- הַחֲלוֹם = = הַלָּהּ ‘the’ + הָלָה ‘dream’
- סָפַר = PP3MS “he was reported” (Diagnostic ¥+ר+
  - The subject is omitted.
- אָבִיו = אָב ‘father’ + 3MS type 1 pronominal suffix ‘his’
  - The suffix ¥י is type 1 because it begins with hireq-yod (¥)
  - Type 2 suffixes all begin with a vowel+yod, but never hireq-yod.
- אִמּוֹ = אֵם ‘mother’ + 3MS type 1 pronominal suffix ‘his’

He will report the dream to his father and to his brothers.

- הַחֲלוֹם = DDO marker + ה + הַלָּהּ ‘the’ + הָלָה ‘dream’
- יְסַפֵּר = PI3MS “he will report” (Diagnostic ¥+ר+
  - The subject is omitted.
- יְהוּ = יְהוּ ‘father’ + 3MS type 1 pronominal suffix ‘his’
  - The suffix ¥י is type 1 because it begins with hireq-yod (¥)
  - Type 2 suffixes all begin with a vowel+yod, but never hireq-yod.
- אֶחָיו = Plural of אָח (אַחִים) ‘brothers’ + 3MS type 2 suffix ‘his’
  - Type 2 suffix implies plural noun “brothers”

The dream will be reported to his father and to his brothers.

- הַחֲלוֹם = = הַלָּהּ ‘the’ + הָלָה ‘dream’
- יְסֻפַּר = PuI3MS “he will be reported” (Diagnostic ¥+ר+
  - The subject is omitted.
- יְהוּ = יְהוּ ‘father’ + 3MS type 1 pronominal suffix ‘his’
  - The suffix ¥י is type 1 because it begins with hireq-yod (¥)
  - Type 2 suffixes all begin with a vowel+yod, but never hireq-yod.
- אֶחָיו = Plural of אָח (אַחִים) ‘brothers’ + 3MS type 2 suffix ‘his’
  - Type 2 suffix implies plural noun “brothers”