

4 General Comments

1

- Gutturals **ק ה ע א** take Hateph Pathach (◌ֶ) instead of Vocal Shewa (◌ְ)
 - But Resh **ר** can take a Vocal Shewa (◌ְ)
- If a begadkephat with a Dagesh Lene gets a vowel in front of it, the Dagesh goes away.
- Verbs are described with I-, II-, or III- referring to the first, second, or third root consonant.
 - I-guttural has a guttural for the first root consonant.
 - II-guttural has a guttural for the second root consonant.
- Stem vowel = vowel under the second root consonant.

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I-Guttural, II-Guttural (§14.2-14.3)

2

- **WRITE IN HEBREW**
- I-Guttural and II-Guttural refers to **ק ה ע א** as the 1st or 2nd root consonant.
- Same as strong verbs except:
 - Guttural takes Hateph Pathach (◌ֶ) instead of Vocal Shewa (◌ְ)
- The reason that **ר** is not considered to be a guttural here is that **ר** CAN take a Vocal Shewa.

	I-Guttural	II-Guttural
3ms	עָמַד	בָּחַר
3fs	עָמְדָה	בָּחְרָה
2ms	עָמַדְתָּ	בָּחַרְתָּ
2fs	עָמַדְתְּ	בָּחַרְתְּ
1cs	עָמַדְתִּי	בָּחַרְתִּי
3cp	עָמְדוּ	בָּחְרוּ
2mp	עָמַדְתֶּם	בָּחַרְתֶּם
2fp	עָמַדְתֶּן	בָּחַרְתֶּן
1cp	עָמַדְנוּ	בָּחַרְנוּ

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III-ק/ע (§14.2-14.3)

3

- **RECOGNITION ONLY**
- III-ק/ע refers to **ק** or **ע** as the 3rd root consonant.
- Same as strong verbs except 2fs takes Pathach (◌ֶ) instead of Silent Shewa (◌ְ).
- This does not follow any rule that you know.

	III-ק/ע	Strong
3ms	שָׁמַע	קָטַל
3fs	שָׁמְעָה	קָטְלָה
2ms	שָׁמַעְתָּ	קָטַלְתָּ
2fs	שָׁמַעְתְּ	קָטַלְתְּ
1cs	שָׁמַעְתִּי	קָטַלְתִּי
3cp	שָׁמְעוּ	קָטְלוּ
2mp	שָׁמַעְתֶּם	קָטַלְתֶּם
2fp	שָׁמַעְתֶּן	קָטַלְתֶּן
1cp	שָׁמַעְנוּ	קָטַלְנוּ

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III-א (§14.4-14.5)

4

- **RECOGNITION ONLY**
- Use sufformatives to recognize.
- Sufformatives the same as strong except:
 - Lose Dagesh Lene in **ת**
 - Lose Silent Shewa under **ת**
- Stem vowel
 - Qamets (◌ֹ), not Pathach (◌ֶ)

	III-א	Strong
3ms	מָצָא	קָטַל
3fs	מָצְאָה	קָטְלָה
2ms	מָצָאתָ	קָטַלְתָּ
2fs	מָצָאתְּ	קָטַלְתְּ
1cs	מָצָאתִי	קָטַלְתִּי
3cp	מָצְאוּ	קָטְלוּ
2mp	מָצָאתֶם	קָטַלְתֶּם
2fp	מָצָאתֶן	קָטַלְתֶּן
1cp	מָצָאנוּ	קָטַלְנוּ

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III-ה (§14.6-14.7)

5

■ **WRITE IN HEBREW**

- Use the III-ה drill sheet on the website.
 1. Accent same as strong verb.
 2. First vowel same as strong verb.
 3. Drop the 3-ה from the root.
 4. Stem vowel is יֹ in 1st & 2nd persons.
 5. Sufformatives are almost the same.
 - Drop Dagesh Lene in Tau ת → ת
 - Because preceded by vowel.
 - Drop Shewa under Tau ת → ת
 - 3MS ends in הֶ (Was 3FS!)
 - 3FS sufformative תָּה (3MS took it)

	III-ה	Strong
3ms	הֶֿֿ	ֹֿֿ
3fs	הֶֿֿתָּה	ֹֿֿתָּה
2ms	יֹֿֿתָּה	ֹֿֿתָּה
2fs	יֹֿֿתָּה	ֹֿֿתָּה
1cs	יֹֿֿתָּה	ֹֿֿתָּה
3cp	וֹֿֿ	וֹֿֿ
2mp	יֹֿֿתָּם	ֹֿֿתָּם
2fp	יֹֿֿתָּן	ֹֿֿתָּן
1cp	יֹֿֿנָנוּ	ֹֿֿנָנוּ

Doubly Weak (I/II-Guttural + III-ה) (§14.8-14.9)

6

■ **WRITE IN HEBREW**

- Just like a III-ה verb except use Hateph Pathach (ֶֿ) instead of Vocal Shewa (ֶ)
- א is not considered to be a guttural here because א CAN take a Vocal Shewa.

	I-Gut/III-ה	II-Gut/III-ה
3ms	הֶֿֿ	הֶֿֿ
3fs	הֶֿֿתָּה	הֶֿֿתָּה
2ms	יֹֿֿתָּה	יֹֿֿתָּה
2fs	יֹֿֿתָּה	יֹֿֿתָּה
1cs	יֹֿֿתָּה	יֹֿֿתָּה
3cp	וֹֿֿ	וֹֿֿ
2mp	יֹֿֿתָּם	יֹֿֿתָּם
2fp	יֹֿֿתָּן	יֹֿֿתָּן
1cp	יֹֿֿנָנוּ	יֹֿֿנָנוּ

Geminate Verbs (§14.10-14.11)

7

■ **RECOGNITION ONLY**

- Geminate Verbs have the same letter for the 2nd and 3rd root consonants.
- In 1st and 2nd person, repeated consonant → יֹ
- Use sufformatives to recognize.
- Sufformatives the same as strong except:
 - Lose Dagesh Lene in ת
 - Lose Silent Shewa under ת

	Strong Geminate	Strong
3ms	קָבַב	קָטַל
3fs	קָבַבְתָּ	קָטַלְתָּ
2ms	קָבַבְתָּ	קָטַלְתָּ
2fs	קָבַבְתָּ	קָטַלְתָּ
1cs	קָבַבְתִּי	קָטַלְתִּי
3cp	קָבַבוּ	קָטַלוּ
2mp	קָבַבְתֶּם	קָטַלְתֶּם
2fp	קָבַבְתֶּן	קָטַלְתֶּן
1cp	קָבַבְנוּ	קָטַלְנוּ

Biconsonantal Verbs (§14.12-14.13)

8

■ **RECOGNITION ONLY**

- Biconsonantal has 2 consonants instead of 3.
- In the lexical form, there is a vowel letter between that → Qamets (ֶֿ) in QP3ms
 - קָם → קָם
 - שָׁם → שָׁם
 - בָּא → בָּא
 - Like Greek contract verbs (ἀγαπάω → ἀγαπῶ)
- Memorize the lexical form!
 - You need to remember that it is קָם not קָם or קָם
- Use sufformatives to recognize.

	קָם	Strong
3ms	קָם	קָטַל
3fs	קָמְתָה	קָטַלְתָּה
2ms	קָמְתָה	קָטַלְתָּה
2fs	קָמְתָה	קָטַלְתָּה
1cs	קָמְתִי	קָטַלְתִּי
3cp	קָמוּ	קָטַלוּ
2mp	קָמְתֶם	קָטַלְתֶם
2fp	קָמְתֶן	קָטַלְתֶן
1cp	קָמוּנוּ	קָטַלְנוּ

נָתַן (§14.18)

- **RECOGNITION ONLY**
- This is a very common verb.
- נָתַן same as strong verb except
 - If sufformative begins with נ or ת III-נ assimilates to Dagesh.
 - Gains an accent in 2fs
 - Recognize based on sufformatives.

	נָתַן	Strong
3ms	נָתַן	קָטַל
3fs	נָתְנָה	קָטְלָהּ
2ms	נָתַתָּ	קָטַלְתָּ
2fs	נָתַתְּ	קָטַלְתְּ
1cs	נָתַתִּי	קָטַלְתִּי
3cp	נָתַנּוּ	קָטְלוּ
2mp	נָתַתֶּם	קָטַלְתֶּם
2fp	נָתַתֶּן	קָטַלְתֶּן
1cp	נָתַנּוּ	קָטְלָנוּ

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הָיָה (§14.18)

- **RECOGNITION ONLY**
- This is a very common verb.
- הָיָה same as I-Guttural + III-הָ except
 - Takes הָ instead of expected הָ

	הָיָה	III-הָ
3ms	הָיָה	הָיָה
3fs	הָיְתָה	הָיְתָה
2ms	הָיִיתָ	הָיִיתָ
2fs	הָיִיתְּ	הָיִיתְּ
1cs	הָיִיתִי	הָיִיתִי
3cp	הָיוּ	הָיוּ
2mp	הָיִיתֶם	הָיִיתֶם
2fp	הָיִיתֶן	הָיִיתֶן
1cp	הָיִינוּ	הָיִינוּ

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נָתַן and מוֹתָא (§14.19)

- **This section is FYI**

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Summary

- For הָ הָ אָ , Vocal Shewa (ְ) → Hateph Pathach (ְ)
- Recognize from sufformative.
 - If vowel precedes, tau loses Dagesh and Shewa (תָּ → תְּ)
- Memorize 3-הָ verb paradigm.
- Stem Vowel in lexical form:
 - Usually (ְ)
 - 3-אָ has (ְ) (3-הָ has (ְ) too)
 - Biconsonantal has (ְ) or (ְ) or (ְ)
- Lost a consonant? Look at vowel under 2nd root consonant.
 - 3-הָ if (ְ) in 1st or 2nd person. (3rd person gives no clue)
 - Geminate if (ְ) in 1st or 2nd person. (not lose in 3rd)
 - Biconsonantal if (ְ) in 1st or 2nd person. (3rd accented)
 - 3-נָ if (ְ) in 1st or 2nd person. (not lose in 3rd)

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Parsing – Ex14a, p73-74, Odd (Not Assigned) 13

- 1 עָלָה עָלוּ 1G+3ה QP 3cp III-ה drops off
- 3 אָכַל אָכְלוּ I-Gutt QP 3cp Same as strong
- 5 שָׁמַע שָׁמְעוּ III-ע QP 2ms Normal (III-ע has Silent Shewa)
- 7 בָּנָה בָּנְתָה III-ה QP 3fs Drop 3ה. 3fs → תָּה
- 9 נָשָׂא נָשְׂאוּ III-א QP 1cs SV וְ . א quiescent. ה loses Dagesh
- 11 רָאָה רָאִיתָהּ 2G+3ה QP 3fs Drop 3ה. 3fs → תָּה. 2G וְ → וְ
- 13 הָיָה הָיְתָה 1G+3ה QP 3fs Drop 3ה. 3fs → תָּה.
- 15 בָּנָה בָּנֵינוּ III-ה QP 3cp Drop 3ה. 1cp is בָּנֵינוּ
- 17 רָאָה רָאוּ 2G+3ה QP 3cp Drop 3ה. II-Gutt has no effect here.
- 19 נָתַן נָתַן III-נ QP 3ms Normal (III-נ has no sufformative)